Sheet Metal Screw Thread Type Guide

Tip: Set your PDF viewer to "Actual size" before printing to maintain scale.

| Туре | Thread Design | Point | Best For | Material Action |
|---------|-----------------------|------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Type A | Coarse, wide-spaced | Sharp gimlet | Thin sheet metal (up to 18 ga), wood, plastic | Forms threads (displaces) |
| Туре АВ | Intermediate spacing | Sharp point | Light gauge metal, plastics, plywood, general purpose | Forms threads (displaces) |
| Туре В | Fine, close-spaced | Blunt point | Heavier gauge (18-24 ga), plastics, hardwoods | Forms threads (displaces) |
| Type 17 | Machine screw threads | 6 cutting edges | Stainless steel, non-ferrous metals, plastics | Cuts threads (removes material) |
| Type 23 | Machine screw threads | Extended cutting | Thick sheet metal, castings, plastics | Cuts threads (removes material) |
| Type 25 | Machine screw threads | 3 cutting edges | Plastics, composites, brittle materials | Cuts threads (removes material) |

Key Selection Points

- Forming (A, AB, B): Displaces material stronger grip but may crack brittle materials
- Cutting (17, 23, 25): Removes material reduces stress, better for brittle materials
- Type AB: Most versatile works in widest range of materials
- Type B: Requires pilot hole finer threads for better holding in thick materials

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